

# XI International Eurasian Educational Research Congress

# CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS



# XI INTERNATIONAL EURASIAN EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH CONGRESS

# EJERCONGRESS 2024 CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS

May 21-24, 2024/ Kocaeli University - Türkiye

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Penn State University, USA



#### XI. INTERNATIONAL EURASIAN EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH CONGRESS

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**CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS** 

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#### Main Theme

"Designing the Future: Changing Paradigms and Transhumanism with Artificial Intelligence in Education"

#### **Sub-Themes**

- Academic freedom, autonomy, and social responsibility in education
- Artificial intelligence and educational applications
- · Augmented reality applications
- Barriers to learning
- Blended learning
- Computer-assisted measurement and evaluation
- Core skill sets for students and teachers
- Design of school buildings in the future
- Designing and delivering a digital strategy
- Digital competence
- Digital parenting
- Distance Education
- Earthquake Education
- Post Earthquake Trauma Training
- Earthquake and Effective Psychosocial Intervention Methods
- Earthquake and Trauma
- The Impact of Earthquakes on School Staff
- Education and society
- Education for healthy living and healthy communities
- Education for a sustainable life
- Education in the digital age: Primary, secondary, high school, higher education, and application examples
- Educational leadership in the digital age
- Effects of regional differences on education
- Equity, Diversity, and Inclusion Related to Marginalized Groups
- Emergency Management at Schools
- Evidence-Based School Counseling Services for Refugees and Marginalized Groups
- Globalisation and Education
- Higher education
- Innovative learning designs for student success
- Instructional technologies in the digital age
- Integration of immigrants into education
- K-12 education (preschool, primary, and secondary education)
- Learning management systems
- Lifelong learning
- Machine learning
- Management information system
- Managing schools
- Measurement and evaluation of students' learning outcomes
- Metaverse
- Migration and education
- Multicultural Classroom Concerns of Educators and Parents
- New educational system after COVID-19
- New skills to live and work in new times
- New technologies in teaching and learning

- New trends in educational research
- New trends in learning and teaching methods
- New trends in research methods
- Pedagogy, educational programs, and teaching
- Politics, good governance, and leadership in the educational sector
- Program design and development
- Promoting equality, diversity, and inclusion
- Psychological counseling and guidance in education
- Quality assurance/standards and accreditation
- Research and innovations in education
- Research ethics
- Right to an education
- Sustainable Educational Goals Related to Refugees
- Teacher education in the digital age
- The Possibility of Fundamental Changes in the Curriculum
- The role of parents in education
- The skills we need to thrive in a post-COVID-19 world
- Vocational education
- Ways to overcome the digital divide

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# **CONTENTS**

Congress Committeesiv
Main Themeix
Sub-Themesix
Ejercongress Sponsorsxi
Author Informationxii
The Prospective Mathematics Teachers' Opinions on the Use of Tinkercad1
Ayşe Tuğçe Bodur, Mevhibe Kobak Demir
A Review of Generative Artificial Intelligence (GENAI) Tools in Second/Foreign Language Teaching8
Cansu Aykut Kolay, Büşra Gölbaşi
Exploring Student Science Teachers' Academic Self-Regulated Learning Strategies in Technology Integration
Ebru Mazlum Güven
Analysis of E-Storybook on Bullying Written by PreSchool Preservice Teachers21
Esra Ünlüer
The Effect of Gametics Game Program on Visual Perception and Attention Skills: An Experimental Study on Third-Grade Students
İbrahim Bilginer, Kerim Koral, Elif Çelebi Öncü, Esra Ünlüer
What is Artificial Intelligence?: Analyzing the Drawings of Preschool Children31 Hilal Yılmaz
Examination of Artificial Intelligence Literacy Levels of Psychological Counseling Candidates:  A Qualitative Study
İrem Topuz, Beyza Nur Çelik
Investigating the Change of Pre-service Middle School Mathematics Teachers' Conceptualization of Algebraic Thinking
Makbule Gozde Didis Kabar, Janet Walkoe, Mary Ziegler Zimmerman

Exploring Facilitators and Barriers of Culturally Responsive Teaching in Early Childhood Classrooms:  A Qualitative Meta-Synthesis54
Nida Altıparmak Cengiz, Elif Güvelioğlu, Feyza Tantekin Erden
The Impact of Online Professional Development on Teachers: A Systematic Review of the Literature
Nur Banu Yiğit, Elif Güvelioğlu, Feyza Tantekin Erden
Teachers' Accountability Behaviors in Monitoring and Assessing Student Progress78
Özen Yıldırım, Huriye Sert
Education in the Digital Age: A Virtual Space Study in the Context of History and Technology87
Özge Kaya, Kader Sürmeli
The Level That Grandmothers' Parenting Styles Predict Children's Attachment Security and Social Skills
Özlem Erkal, Ege Akgün
Preservice Preschool Teachers' Attitudes Toward Artificial Intelligence and Their Views on the Use of Artificial Intelligence in Education99
Rahime Çiçek
Subitizing in Preschool Education: A Bibliometric Analysis105
Rahime Çiçek
Comparison of the 2018 Social Studies Course Curriculum and the 2024 Draft Social Studies Course Curriculum
Samet Karakuş, Yavuz Akbaş
Integrating Artificial Intelligence into Foreign Language Learning: Learners' Perspectives121
Selami Aydın, Maryam Zeinolabedini
An Investigation of EFL Instructors' Perceptions of Online Testing and Assessment by Certain Variables
Selami Aydın, İrem Gedil

in a Dynamic Mathematics Software Supported Environment
Yüksel Emre Harmanbasi, Rezan Yilmaz
The Effect of Orienteering Education on 5th Grade Students' Self-Efficacy, Science-Based Entrepreneurship, and Anxiety
Uluhan Kurt
Contemporary Methods in Medical Education: Video-Supported Flipped Learning in Clinical Skills 148
Aysel Burcu İbili, Özlem Sürel Karabilgin Öztürkçü, Fadime Beyza Gençay, Orçun Çetin, Emin İbili
The Effectiveness of Providing Immediate Feedback in Improving the Teaching Practice Skills of Special Education Teacher Candidates: Bug-in-ear (BIE) Auditory Technology Coaching153
Özge Boşnak
The Process of Constructing the Concept of Similarity in a Concrete Manipulative-Supported Environment in 8th-Grade
Cangül Şimşek Esen, Rezan Yilmaz
Merging Self-regulated Learning and Cooperative Learning in Mathematics:  Self-regulated Jigsaw IV166
Esma Nur Gözütok, Ceyda Özçelik, Ali Arslan
Needs Analysis to Determine the Autonomous Learning Levels of Teacher Candidates172
Eylül Balâ Altunay, Duygu Demirtaş, Özge Okul
Determination of Building Hall Rouge with GIS in External Exams Held at DEU Campuses177
Mertcan Mutlular, Vahap Tecim
Addressing Eco-Anxiety in Turkish Schools: A Document Analysis of the Environmental and Climate Change Education Curriculum
Meryem Demir Güdül, Seray Tatlı Dalioğlu
Mathematics in Cultural Context: A Framework for Developing and Implementing  EthnoSTEAM-Oriented Lesson Plans
Rabia Gul Kirikcilar, Ahmet Sukru Ozdemir
The Investigation of the Effect of Discourse Goals on Argumentation Quality195
Pınar Seda Çetin, Gülüzar Eymur

Students Toward Mathematics Teaching	199
Yeliz Çelen, Hanife Aleyna Okuyucu	
Investigating Variables Affecting Teacher Candidates' Exam Preparation Skills Using Machine Learning Techniques	203
Emine Yavuz	
Bridging the Intermediate Plateau: AI in English Learning at EMI Universities	207
Serpil Tekir	
Unveiling the Potential of Natural Approach in Language Teaching: Field Testing	214
Pınar Mercan Küçükakın, Özge Dönmez	

#### The Impact of Online Professional Development on Teachers: A Systematic Review of the Literature

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#### **Abstract**

The rise in online professional development (PD) opportunities for teachers, accelerated by the COVID-19 pandemic, necessitates an examination of the effectiveness of these online PD programs and the design elements that best enhance teachers' knowledge. This review synthesizes findings from nine studies that systematically investigate experimental and observational research evaluating formal online PD programs for teachers. The studies employed various research designs, including randomized controlled trials (RCTs), pretest-posttest designs, and mixed-method approaches. Key characteristics of the studies were analyzed, including publication dates, originating nations, targeted demographics, research objectives, program information, study designs, participants, data collection methods, and reported results. The findings indicate that effective online PD programs enhance teachers' content knowledge (CK), pedagogical content knowledge (PCK), instructional practices, self-efficacy, and professional competence. Despite the benefits, the review also identifies several barriers to the effective implementation of online PD. These include organizational challenges, time constraints, technical difficulties, and issues related to sustaining new practices. The need for continuous support, practical application of new knowledge, and interactive elements to foster engagement and collaboration among educators is also highlighted. The review concludes with recommendations for future online PD programs, emphasizing the importance of well-designed, flexible, and supportive structures that address the unique needs of educators. The profound influence of COVID-19 on the adoption of online PD underscores the necessity for further research into effective design components and support mechanisms. This review serves as a valuable resource for program designers and decision-makers aiming to enhance the effectiveness of online PD for educators.

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Keywords: Professional development, Online training, Teacher learning, Systematic review

#### Introduction

Professional development (PD) has the potential to empower educators by equipping them with new competencies and refining their professional practices (Kalinowski et al., 2020). Investigations grounded in observation and experience indicate that the effectiveness of PD initiatives varies depending on factors such as participatory learning, alignment with educational goals, and the program's duration (Darling-Hammond et al., 2017). Furthermore, PD initiatives tend to yield positive outcomes when they encourage educators to critically evaluate their professional routines and adopt innovative methodologies in their instructional strategies (Borko et al., 2010).

Previous investigations have aimed at discerning the qualities that make PD successful in traditional face-to-face formats (Darling-Hammond et al., 2017). However, limited documentation exists regarding the effects of online PD programs or the specific features of these online PD efforts that are designed to enhance educators' professional knowledge (Meyer et al., 2023). Such information would be crucial, especially considering the growth in online PD

initiatives and the obstacles faced by educators in conceptualizing them (Darling-Hammond & Hyler, 2020; Donitsa-Schmidt & Ramot, 2022).

#### Foundation of Online PD

Throughout the COVID-19 crisis, educational institutions not only shifted to online formats, but teacher education programs also adopted distance teaching methods (Carrillo & Flores, 2020). A remarkable increase has been observed in the availability of PD programs online for educators compared to the period before the pandemic, and there is anticipation that this pattern will persist (Flores & Swennen, 2020).

Online PD provides a flexible and superior substitute for conventional in-person methods, addressing the significant challenges of cost and accessibility (Suppo & Mayton, 2014). Proponents argue that online PD programs incorporate the beneficial aspects of direct interaction seen in traditional PD, which enhance teacher proficiency, promote a learner-centered model, boost teachers' content knowledge and pedagogical content knowledge, encourage collaboration

across the school, and aid in retaining teachers (Erickson et al., 2012). Online PD outperforms conventional in-person methods in enhancing educational attainment and fostering analytical thinking abilities (Şendağ & Odabaşı, 2009), especially in harmony with the unique professional learning needs of teachers (Farris, 2015), fosters interactive facets of the learning process (Holmes et al., 2010), integrates content readily applicable in classroom environments (Reeves & Pedulla, 2011), and promotes self-examination (Scott & Scott, 2010).

Online PD, conducted within a virtual network of practitioners, encourages educators to engage socially, leading to a prosocial commitment based on shared professional interests and roles (Tseng & Kuo, 2014). It enables teachers to enhance their expertise by linking them with a worldwide network of peers who have similar PD objectives and exchange resources and insights. Within these online teacher communities, online PD sustains regular professional exchanges and promotes continual support among peers (Lantz-Andersson et al., 2018).

Online PD, also, provides educators the flexibility to access courses and resources without being constrained by location or time barriers (Parsons et al., 2019; Powell & Bodur, 2019). Flexibility like this enables educators to select PD options that extend beyond the offerings of their immediate educational settings, tailored to their unique preferences and requirements. Additionally, by eliminating the need for travel to physical locations for PD, educators can conserve valuable time. This efficiency could bolster their willingness to engage in PD, addressing time constraints, which is a significant factor deterring educators from attending PD sessions (Zhang et al., 2020).

Nevertheless, the transition to online PD encompasses several obstacles that must be navigated. Initially, the reliance on electronic devices, like laptops or tablets, for online PD participation may hinder teachers' active engagement with the content, potentially resulting in a more passive absorption of the presented materials (Meyer et al., 2023). Consequently, this passive engagement can diminish concentration and interest, escalating the risk of distractions and early dropout of the PD course (Geri et al., 2017; Hollis & Was, 2016). Additionally, the nature of online PD limits direct opportunities for educators to apply new methodologies in a practical setting. Thus, it's vital for educators to engage in reflective practices and share insights, experiences, and strategies with peers (Meyer et al., 2023). However, the absence of physical presence in online formats poses obstacles to interactive exchange and collaboration. To mitigate this, PD facilitators should integrate interactive elements and assignments that encourage cooperative learning and peer feedback, like facilitated debates within virtual communities (Yoon et al., 2020).

The extensive literature on online PD for educators covers a diverse range of subjects, such as the advantages of using blended learning strategies for candidates (Atmacasoy & Aksu, 2018); the necessary expertise and abilities for digital teaching (Moore-Adams et al., 2016); the teaching methods

and strategies educators should use to enhance simulation-based learning (Scholtz & Hughes, 2019); and the correlation between teaching philosophies and their utilization of technology within educational environments (Tondeur et al., 2017). According to a study conducted by Gast et al. (2017), teachers participating in online PD report increased adoption of technology in teaching and increased assurance in their technological and pedagogical content expertise after training. These studies highlight key elements of effective online PD for teachers.

Given the benefits and obstacles linked to online PD activities and considering the growth in online PD initiatives highlighted above, identifying the impacts of implementing PD within a digital setting becomes essential. Therefore, this research offers a review that systematically investigates both experimental and observational studies assessing online PD programs for teachers. This review consolidates a) the evidence regarding the impacts of contemporary approaches in online PD for educators, and b) identifies design components that lead to beneficial outcomes.

To streamline this endeavor, we propose the following inquiries:

What are the descriptive characteristics of the articles that focus on online PD programs?

What are the methodological characteristics of the articles that focus on online PD programs?

What are the documented impacts of online PD programs for teachers?

What are the documented barriers of online PD programs?

#### Method

This research has undertaken a systematic review utilizing scientific research methodologies. A systematic review is designed to aggregate evidence to address clearly specified research questions. This process encompasses the discovery of all pertinent primary studies related to the established research questions, a thorough evaluation of these studies, and the synthesis of their outcomes (Gough et al., 2012). Within the framework of the present research, five databases were thoroughly explored for both experimental and observational studies. These databases are ERIC, Web of Science, ProQuest, Scopus, and Google Scholar. The search will be employed by using the various combinations of three groups of keywords as "online", "distance", "virtual"; "teachers", "educators", "school leaders"; "professional development", "in-service training, "professional growth", "professional learning".

The inclusion and exclusion criteria for the current study have been carefully defined to narrow down the research to focus specifically on online PD for teachers. Inclusion criteria for the studies are:

being experimental and/or observational studies that test or evaluate online PD programs,

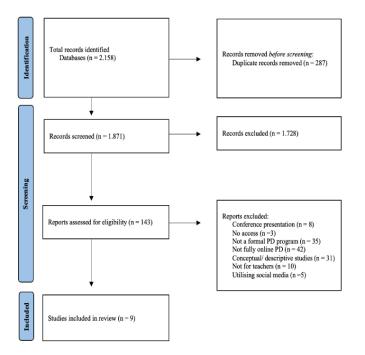
being published in the last 10 years,

being published in a peer-reviewed journal as an article, being written in English.

In addition, studies that have the following qualities will be excluded: studies that are conceptual and descriptive in nature without showcasing empirical research findings, studies focusing on online education but not targeted at teachers, as well as those covering face-to-face instruction or blended learning models, studies that explore self-determined learning processes but not solely conducted online, instructional methods augmented with digital technologies, networks enabling educators to share insights and resources, experiential learning opportunities in authentic environments, and PD integrated into initial training for educators

We initiated the primary phase of our research selection, which involved evaluating titles and, when required, abstracts to confirm their relevance. Every title and abstract that remained was examined against our set criteria for inclusion. Our search initially yielded 2158 entries. From these, we excluded 287 duplicates and 1728 entries that did not meet our criteria, leaving us with 143 articles. We then conducted a thorough review of these articles' full texts to check for suitability for our review. After all, nine articles were chosen for inclusion. The rationale behind excluding 133 articles included their format as conference presentations (n = 8), not a formal PD program (n = 35), not entirely web-based (n = 42), conceptual/descriptive studies (n = 31), involving social media use (n = 5), not being targeted at teachers (n = 10), and lack of access to the full texts (n = 3). This selection methodology adheres to the guidelines outlined in the PRISMA model (Moher et al., 2009).

**Figure 1**PRISMA Flow Diagram for Source Selection



#### **Findings**

The current review incorporated nine studies. One of these publications (Marquez et al., 2016) included multiple studies. From this publication, we focused only on the study that examined program effectiveness.

#### **Study Characteristics**

The study characteristics included publication date, originating nation, the demographic of interest, objectives of the research, information about the program, the design, participants characteristics, methods of data collection, and the results (Table 1).

#### **Publication Date and Originating Nation**

The studies span several years, with two released in 2023, two in 2020, two in 2016, and one each in 2024, 2022 and 2018. Seven of these studies were conducted in the USA, one in Türkiye, and one in Australia.

#### The Demographic of Interest

Participants in four studies were elementary school teachers, while one study involved early childhood teachers; one study involved secondary school teachers; two studies involved mixed groups including elementary, middle, and high schools; and another study included physical educators as participants. Two studies included inclusive teachers; one study involved teachers of students with visual impairments, another focused on teachers of students with significant disabilities, and one study included bilingual teachers.

#### Objectives of the Research

The objectives of the studies encompassed assessing the impact of the program on teachers' pedagogical content knowledge [PCK] (n=7), content knowledge [CK] (n=6), professional competency (n=1), perceptions of values, confidence, behaviors, and barriers (n=1), motivation (n=1), beliefs and satisfaction (n=1), perceived sense of self-efficacy (n=1), student behaviors (n=1).

#### Information About the Program

The PD programs exhibited a wide range of durations and formats, which can be grouped based on the total hours, days, weeks, and months. In terms of total hours, one program included three 2-hour instructional sessions (totaling 6 hours), another featured a five-day (20-hour) module, and a third comprised 38 one-hour online modules, adding up to 38 hours. When grouped by weeks, two PD programs spanned four weeks each, while another consisted of a series of skill videos delivered weekly over a period of 15 weeks. Programs measured in months included a six-month duration program

and bi-weekly sessions held throughout the entire school year. Lastly, one of the programs extended over a full year.

collected follow-up data 15 weeks post-test (Marquez et al., 2016).

#### The Design and Participants

Among the nine studies, four utilized a randomized controlled trial design (RCT), two employed a mixed design, one used a pretest-posttest control and experimental group design, one was a randomized experimental design, and one was an exploratory study design. The reviewed research comprised six quantitative studies and three mixed-method studies. The number of teacher participants in the studies ranged from 17 to 116.

#### Method of Data Collection

The primary method for gathering data was surveys (Fang et al., 2022; Griffin et al., 2018; Herzberg et al., 2024; Marquez et al., 2016; Simpson et al., 2023). Other methods included assignments (Herzberg et al., 2024), self-assessed perceptions (Simpson et al., 2023), tests and rubrics (Healy et al., 2020), videos (Tang et al., 2020), and student records (Jimenez et al., 2016). Data regarding student performance and behavior were obtained through assessments (Marquez et al., 2016). Most studies collected data before and after the program, and sometimes during the program as well. One study

#### Results

The outcomes reported were exclusively related to teachers and included changes in their CK, instructional practices, PCK, and collaboration; perceptions of self-efficacy; teaching beliefs; participant satisfaction; and the application of acquired knowledge to classroom practice. Enhanced CK among teachers was one of the most commonly reported outcomes, documented in 8 out of 9 studies. The exception was a study that focused on examining teachers' abilities to use student data to inform future instructional decisions (Jimenez et al., 2016). Despite variations in program content and instructional approaches, the majority of the studies (n=7) noted improvements in teachers' instructional practices. Fewer than half of the studies (n=2) reported high levels of participant satisfaction with the program. Participants in two studies perceived improvements in selfefficacy. Although Jimenez et al. (2016) did not observe changes in practices and behavior, they did report knowledge gains, which were statistically insignificant.

Herzberg et al. Secondary Exploring the Three 2-h Mixed N=17 As teachers of impact of instructional methods sessions students with synchronous sessions professional impairments development regarding regarding Nemeth Code nemeth code, Within Unified Application of English Braille the code, (UEB) Contexts integration with on the Workland applications, skills of support and teachers of resources students with visual impairments Synchronous	
Secondary Exploring the Three 2-h Mixed N=17 teachers of impact of instructional methods students with synchronous sessions visual professional impairments regarding Fundamentals of Nemeth Code nemeth code, Within Unified Application of English Braille the code, (UEB) Contexts integration with on the UEB, Practical knowledge and applications, skills of resources students with visual impairments Synchronous	
students with synchronous sessions visual professional development regarding Fundamentals of Nemeth Code nemeth code, Within Unified Application of English Braille the code, (UEB) Contexts integration with on the Newoledge and applications, skills of support and teachers of resources students with visual impairments Synchronous	Assignment
impairments development regarding Fundamentals of Nemeth Code nemeth code, Within Unified Application of English Braille the code, (UEB) Contexts integration with on the Worldege and applications, skills of resources students with visual impairments Synchronous	and a survey
Within Unified Application of English Braille the code, (UEB) Contexts integration with on the knowledge and applications, skills of support and teachers of resources students with visual impairments Synchronous	Pre-test, post-test, final
Contexts integration with UEB, Practical applications, support and sof resources swith Synchronous	and post- training survey
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Significantly	higher on post-	physical	literacy	knowledge and	application		Significantly	higher on	confidence in	teaching	physical	activity			Significantly	lower than	controls on	perceived	personal	barriers to	physical	activity				
Survey and	self-reported	perceptions		Prior to and	after the four-	week intervention	period																			
N=88																										
A parallel	two-arm RCT		Quantitative																							
Four week		Fundamentals of	physical literacy,	Developmentally	appropriate	practices, Assessment and	evaluation,	Curriculum	integration,	Interactive	learning and	collaboration				Synchronome	Symomorphis									
Examine the	effects of an	literacy	Professional	development	program—	relative to	'standard'	practice—on	early childhood	educators,	physical	literacy	knowledge and	application												
Early childhood	teachers																									
Simpson et al.		2023		;	Australia																					

Increasing	teachers knowledge of	and ability to plan and	implement DDI amoiosto	FDL projects	implies to a	deeper, more	comprehensive,	understanding	ofPBL	essential	concepts, its	pedagogical	values, specific	process	involved in a	PBL project-	Increased	teachers'	comfort level	and ability of	planning and	implementing	PBL projects	across grade	levels and	subject areas
Survey	Dro ond	nost-survey																								
N=124																										
Mixed	methods																									
5 days (20-h)	1,000	rroject-based learning	fundamentals,	design,	Assessment	strategies,	Classroom	management			Synchronous															
Investigate if a	five-day international	online PBL training will	prepare	implement PBL	in their	classrooms and	determine if the	training	provides	teachers with	sufficient	knowledge and	support to	ensure	successful PBL	implementation										
Elementary and	secondary school teachers	ın China																								
Fang et al.	2000	7707	USA																							

Decreasing the	number of	problem	behavior reports raised	by teachers and	the diversity of	causes	attributed to	problem	behavior and	the increase in	the	employment of	positive coping	ways by the	teachers		The teachers'	perceptions of	professional	competence	improved, as	did their	positive views	regarding	inclusive	education
Survey		7	rre-test and																							
09=N																										
Pretest-	posttest	control and	experimental	Programme		Quantitative																				
Six months		11. 1	Understanding problem	behaviors,	Behavioral	assessment,	Intervention	strategies,	Inclusive	practices,	Professional	development and	self-reflection		,	Synchronous										
Determine the	effectiveness of	an online	problem behavior	professional de-	velopment	program (e-	ITPDPB) that	was explicitly	designed for	teachers of	inclusive	education														
Primary school	inclusive	teacher																								
Demirdağlı	&Cavkaytar		2022			Türkiye																				

Significant increase in	knowledge related to peer	tutoring for physical educators	Participation in the OPD	course resulted in over 70% of teachers	applying lessons learned	from the course to their PE	classes
Test and rubric	Pre-test, post-	test and tinal test 4 weeks after	intervention period				
N=44							
Randomised experimental	design	Quantitative					
Four week	Peer tutoring	models and Strategies, role and	responsibilities of peer tutors, Lesson planning and curriculum	Integration, classroom management and	organization	Synchronous	
Determine the effectiveness of	an Online Professional	Development (OPD) course, built upon	Adult Learning Theory and Mayer's principles, to	provide physical educators with	increased knowledge	about, and motivation to	implement, a peer tutoring programme
Physical educators							
Healy et al.	2020	USA					

Significantly impacted bilingual teachers' fidelity of	Outperformed in the areas of student involvement, leveled questioning, applying ESL strategies, providing affective and cognitive feedback, and presenting more English mate- rial to encourage English learners to participate in classroom activities
Videos Virtual observations	were collected three times at the beginning, middle, and end of the school year
N=116	
RCT validation study	Mixed
Bi-weekly during the entire school year	Story-retelling and higher-order thinking for English literacy and language acquisition (STELLA) and academic oral and written language (AOWL), Virtual professional development (VPD), Fidelity Synchronous
Investigate the effect of an ongoing, intensive, and structured	virtual professional development (VPD) based on the fidelity of implementation (FOI) across treatment and control conditions in a randomized controlled trial validation study implemented in 116-bilingual classrooms in seven Texas school districts
Elementary bilingual teachers	
Tang et al. 2020	USA

Positively	influenced	general and	special	education	teachers'	reported beliefs	and practices,	and their	learning of	mathematics	content for	teaching, and	generated high	teacher	satisfaction	ratings		M. 1: 65	No difference	in the	SWD on a state	SwD on a state	accountability	ilicasure or	mathematics				
Survey			Pre-test and	post-test																									
N=23																													
Exploratory	study design			Quantitative																									
A year			Support from an	Institute of	Education	Sciences (IES)	Goal 2	Development	and Innovation	research grant	Building a	foundation for	inclusive	elementary	mathematics	education,	deepening	mathematics	content and	pedagogy,	studying the	application of	newly learned	mathematics	content and	pedagogy to	student learning	Synchronous	Symomony
Address the	need for teacher	professional	development	(PD) in	mathematics for	students with	disabilities	(SWD) and	other struggling	mathematics	learners																		
Inclusive	elementary	mathematics	teachers																										
Griffin et al.			2018			USA																							

Increased knowledge of	classroom	management practices and a	increased sense	of self-efficacy		=	Small	improvements	in students'	behaviors, not	statistically	significant	)		Strong teacher	satisfaction	satistaction	scores with	program	content and	delivery			Significant	increase in	teacher's	intention to	implement the	learnt	
Surveys (for teachers)		Assessment	(for students)		Des/esst/follow	ric/post/10110w	up (15 weeks)																							
N=101 teachers	N=1804	students																												
RCT	Onantitative																													
1 skill video per week over 15	weeks		Module 1-	planning,	organization,	proactive	prevention and	responding to	problem	behavior	Module Columb	Module 2- IIIS	Frogress	Monitoring Tool	(PMT) to assess	student's	responsiveness	to the closeroom	to the classicolni	management	strategies	Module 3-	multi-media	training to	teachers on	making data-	based decisions			Synchronous
Asses the effectiveness of	the program on	classroom	management	skills, their	perceived sense	of self-efficacy,	and improved	student	behavior																					
Elementary school teachers																														
Marquez et al.	2016		,	USA																										

Small gains in	data collection	and DBDs in	but not	statistically	significant	No difference	in both groups	when making	DBDs with	simulated	scenarios and	when using	their own	student data		Prior training	on DBD	knowledge was	the only	predictor	variable	No changes in	data collection	behavior	
Student data	(data based	decisions and	goals made	from student	data collected)	Dre and nost	read burn and																		
N=30																									
Group RCT		Onantitative	A manual man																						
38 1-h online	modules (~38h	total)		Behavioral	objectives	Types of data collection	systems aligned	with the	onjective	Choosing the	correct data	collection sheet	fort he selected	skill	Make learner	aware of the	accuracy or	oranhed data	Produce cons	Progress line	and aim line on	the graphed data		Synchronous	
Determine the	effects of the	program on	to use student	data to make	Data-based	Decisions (DBDs) that	instructional	decisions																	
Teachers of	students with	significant	disability																						
Jimenes et al.		2016			USA																				

#### Discussion

This analysis sought to systematically explore the effectiveness of online PD on teachers, with a specific focus on the features of the studies, the outcomes they reported, and their design components. In the following section, we delve into the synthesis of the methodological characteristics, the impacts, address the limitations of the articles, and offer a conclusion that provides an interpretation of the results.

#### **Summary of the Methodological Characteristics**

The diverse methodological approaches employed across these studies provide a comprehensive understanding of the effectiveness of online PD programs for teachers. RCTs including Jimenez et al. (2016), Marquez et al. (2016), Simpson et al. (2023), and Tang et al. (2020), provide strong internal validity and causal evidence but are resourceintensive and may face practical implementation challenges. They also face challenges in maintaining participant retention and adherence to the intervention protocols. The pretestposttest design was used in the study of Griffin et al. (2018). This design measures participants' knowledge, skills, or attitudes before and after the intervention, providing a straightforward assessment of change over time. While this approach is simple and efficient, it lacks a control group, which makes it difficult to attribute observed changes solely to the intervention (Creswell & Creswell, 2018). In addition to these two designs, one of the key strengths of the evidence from this systematic review is the inclusion of mixed-methods studies, which provide comprehensive contextual insights into teachers' perspectives and experiences with online PD. This approach, such as in Fang et al. (2022) and Herzberg et al. (2024)'s study provides a holistic understanding of the intervention's impact by capturing both numerical outcomes and rich contextual information on participants' experiences.

#### **Summary of the Impacts of PD Programs**

The findings indicate that effective online PD for teachers results in enhanced CK, PCK, and positive shifts in teaching beliefs, self-efficacy, instructional methods, and perceptions of professional competence. A significant and consistent finding across the reviewed studies is the increase in teacher knowledge and self-efficacy following participation in online PD programs. For example, Herzberg et al. (2024) demonstrated that Nemeth Code training for teachers of students with visual impairments showed marked improvements in posttest scores and a deeper understanding of content-specific instructional strategies. Similarly, Simpson et al. (2023)' study on physical literacy for early childhood educators demonstrated substantial gains in both content knowledge and confidence in teaching physical activities.

Several studies reported that online PD programs led to improved instructional practices. In the study of Fang et al. (2022) focused on project-based learning in South China, teachers showed enhanced abilities to plan and implement project-based learning activities effectively. Likewise, the research of Demirdağlı and Cavkaytar (2022) on inclusive education highlighted that teachers adopted more inclusive

teaching practices and demonstrated a better understanding of managing diverse classrooms. In addition, the findings consistently indicated that online PD programs positively impacted teachers' perceptions of their professional competence and classroom management skills. The Classroom Management in Action program in Marquez et al. (2016) study, for instance, significantly improved teachers' ability to manage classroom behavior and create a positive learning environment. This aligns with the results from the study of Healy et al. (2020) on physical educators, where improved classroom management skills were linked to better student engagement and reduced behavioral issues.

While the common benefits of online PD programs are evident, each study also highlighted unique outcomes tailored to specific educational contexts and needs. The study of Jimenez et al. (2016) on data-based decision-making for teachers of students with significant disabilities emphasized the importance of ongoing support and practical application of data collection methods. It was noted that while teachers improved in theoretical knowledge, applying this knowledge to their own students' data remained challenging, underscoring the need for more hands-on, contextual training. Moreover, a recurring theme in several studies was the difficulty in sustaining the implementation of new practices learned through online PD programs. For example, the study of Tang et al. (2020) on the fidelity of virtual PD for bilingual teachers found that while initial gains in knowledge practice were significant, maintaining improvements over time required continuous support and reinforcement. This was echoed in the study of Griffin et al. (2018) on the effectiveness of inclusive education programs, which highlighted the need for follow-up training and resources to ensure lasting change.

#### **Summary of the Barriers of PD Programs**

This review of online PD programs for teachers reveals several common barriers that can hinder the effectiveness and implementation of these programs. Organizational barriers such as the physical environment and competing curricular demands were highlighted, impacting the adoption of new strategies (Simpson et al., 2023; Fang et al., 2022). For instance, the physical environment includes factors like classroom layout, lack of necessary technological equipment, inadequate physical resources, and competing curricular demands refer to the pressure on teachers to meet existing curriculum requirements and standards, which leaves them with limited time and energy to integrate new methods learned from PD programs, thereby reducing the overall impact and effectiveness of the online PD programs. Time constraints emerged as a significant issue, with teachers struggling to fit PD into their busy schedules due to other commitments (Herzberg et al., 2024; Simpson et al., 2023; Healy et al., 2020). Technical difficulties, including issues with internet connectivity and access to necessary resources, also hindered effective participation (Simpson et al., 2023; Healy et al., 2020). Sustaining the implementation of new practices learned through online PD posed a challenge, necessitating continuous support and reinforcement (Jimenez et al., 2016; Tang et al., 2020; Griffin et al., 2018). Teachers reported

difficulties in applying theoretical knowledge to their specific classroom contexts, particularly in inclusive education settings (Herzberg et al., 2024). Content-specific barriers were also noted, such as the accurate transcription of braille materials for visually impaired students (Herzberg et al., 2024). Lastly, insufficient training and preparation left many teachers feeling unprepared to implement new strategies like project-based learning, highlighting the need for more comprehensive PD programs (Fang et al., 2022; Healy et al., 2020). These findings underscore the necessity for more supportive, flexible, and context-specific online PD programs to effectively address the diverse challenges faced by educators.

#### Conclusion

This systematic literature review assesses the effective design and execution of online PD, which enhances teachers' CK, PCK, teaching beliefs, self-efficacy, and instructional methods. Through a comprehensive examination of existing research, we identified best practices for online PD for educators, such as incorporating interactive elements, providing ongoing support, and designing content to address individual learning styles. An evidence-based summary of these design components is especially pertinent given the shift away from traditional teacher PD caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. This is particularly important for those planning and implementing future online PD programs for teachers. The findings indicate that certain design features can effectively address individual learning style differences, boost participant engagement, provide necessary support, and promote the development of PCK. This review encourages further exploration of incorporating the identified design elements into future online PD programs. However, it also highlights the need for more research into designing online PD that includes selfdetermined approaches to enhance learning and teacher satisfaction. Teachers face significant challenges, including issues related to the content of PD programs. Addressing these challenges in future online PD designs is essential for improving their effectiveness. This review serves as a valuable resource for program designers and decision-makers in identifying effective online PD for their educators.

#### Recommendations

The influence of COVID-19 on the adoption of online PD for educators is already significant and is expected to be even more profound in the future (Flores & Swennen, 2020). Hence, it is crucial to gain a deeper insight into the design components and learner support mechanisms that contribute to the success of online PD which is essential for enhancing the conceptualization, design, construction, and delivery of online PD. This comprehensive literature review has centered on teachers' experiences with online PD. However, given the rapid expansion of online education, it is important to explore how these effective design elements can be adapted for adult learners and evaluated for their suitability and engagement with younger students. Furthermore, the program resources beyond personal that contribute to favorable outcomes should also be investigated. Lastly, the design elements

identified in this review may not be comprehensive, and future studies should aim to fill this gap.

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